## Research findings

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| Spain        | 2016 | Rights International Spain (RIS) (2016), 2016 Assessment, Human Rights in Spain (Balance de 2016, Los derechos humanos en España), Madrid, Rights International Spain (RIS) | [http://rights.internationalspain.org/uploadsd/publicacion/3a06557e4741bc0a231aed125648f748e98c21b5.pdf](http://rights.internationalspain.org/uploadsd/publicacion/3a06557e4741bc0a231aed125648f748e98c21b5.pdf) | Racism & xenophobia, Discrimination | RIS | The report mentioned the concluding observations of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial discrimination of the United Nations submitted to the Spanish State. Certain key observations contained:  
• The shortcomings of the Spanish legal system to fight effectively against racial discrimination  
• The lack of the necessary data collected by the Government to design policies against racism.  
• The persistence of the use of ethnic profiling by the police  
• The return procedures for | Editorial | The data presented here are the incidents that have been reported to 6 information and complaint offices (ICO) of SOS Racism distributed in the Spanish state between January and December 2015.  
Information from 247 cases in its offices was collected, most of it in Aragon (112 cases) and Catalonia (80). In addition, 7.69% of cases were recorded in Gipuzkoa and a similar percentages in Madrid. In Navarra and Galicia a dozen of incidents were collected. | Not applicable - national level |
the migrants and the disproportionate use of force employed at the borders of Ceuta and Melilla.

- It did question the conditions of the centers for the internment of foreigners and the human rights violations that were committed inside.
- The possible school segregation of migrant and Roma origin children in some public schools.

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