

Research findings

Country code	Year	Reference details title	Reference details URL	Main thematic focus	Institution	Key findings - Short summary	Methodology (Qualitative/Quantitative and exact type used, questionnaires etc)	Sample details and representativeness	Area/location of interest - NUTS3 level
Austria	2017	Federal Ministry of the Interior, Federal Office for the Protection of the Constitution and Counterterrorism (Bundesministerium für Inneres, Bundesamt für Verfassungsschutz und Terrorismusbekämpfung) (2018), Annual Report on the Protection of the Constitution	https://www.dsn.gv.at/501/files/VS/Verfassungsschutzbericht_2017.pdf	Hate crime	Austria, Federal Ministry of the Interior, Federal Office for the Protection of the Constitution and Counterterrorism Bundesministerium für Inneres, Bundesamt für Verfassungsschutz und Terrorismusbekämpfung	In 2017, the Austrian security authorities registered 1,063 right-wing extremist, xenophobic/racist, Islamophobic, anti-Semitic and unspecified or other criminal acts. 58.1 percent, were successfully solved. The report found that despite a decrease in the number of asylum seekers, there is no foreseeable end to the right-wing extremist agitations towards asylum seekers based on hostility and xenophobic/ racist agitations in general. Islamophobia, hostility towards asylum seekers and xenophobia are currently the main topics characterising the phenomenon of right-wing extremism.	quantitative (statistics on incidents) qualitative (expert assessments)	N/A	Not applicable - national level

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<http://fra.europa.eu/en/databases/anti-muslim-hatred/>

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