

Research findings

Country code	Year	Reference details title	Reference details URL	Main thematic focus	Institution	Key findings - Short summary	Methodology (Qualitative/Quantitative and exact type used, questionnaires etc)	Sample details and representativeness	Area/location of interest - NUTS3 level
Austria	2018	Federal Ministry of the Interior, Federal Office for the Protection of the Constitution and Counterterrorism (Bundesministerium für Inneres, Bundesamt für Verfassungsschutz und Terrorismusbekämpfung) (2019), Annual Report on the Protection of the Consti	https://www.dsn.gv.at/501/files/VS/Verfassungsschutzbericht_2018.pdf	Hate crime	Austria, Federal Ministry of the Interior, Federal Office for the Protection of the Constitution and Counterterrorism Bundesministerium für Inneres, Bundesamt für Verfassungsschutz und Terrorismusbekämpfung	In 2018, the Austrian security authorities registered 1,075 right-wing extremist, xenophobic/racist, Islamophobic, anti-Semitic and unspecified or other criminal acts. 63 percent of cases were successfully solved. The current trend indicates that the number of right-wing extremist motivated offences has increased and has lately been consistent. Movements of the New Right and neo-Nazis fuel topics such as "Islamophobia and xenophobia", as well as "anti-asylum", "anti-migration" and "anti-Islam" approaches. "Anti-Islam", "anti-Islam", "anti-multiculturalism" as well as the topics of asylum and refugees can still be used as a main agitation and action focus by the right-wing extremist scene and networks.	quantitative (statistics on incidents) qualitative (expert assessments)	N/A	Not applicable - national level

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<http://fra.europa.eu/en/databases/anti-muslim-hatred/>

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