# DATABASE 2012-2024 ON ANTI-MUSLIM HATRED

## Research findings

| Country code | Year | Reference details title | Reference details URL | Main thematic focus | Institution | Key findings - Short summary | Methodology (Qualitative/Quantitative and exact type used, questionnaires etc) | Sample details and representativeness | Area/location of interest - NUTS3 level |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| France | 2019 | Délégation Interministérielle à la Lutte Contre le Racisme, l'Antisémitisme et la Haine anti-LGBT (DILCRAH) (2019)Etude : Les comportements racistes et les discriminations envers les musulmans de France (Interministerial Delegation for the Fight against | https://www.dilcrah.fr/2019/11/06/etude-les-comportements-racistes-et-les-discr... | Racism & xenophobia, Discrimination | France, Interministerial Delegation for the Fight against Racism, Antisemitism and Anti-LGBT Hate (Délégation Interministérielle à la Lutte Contre le Racisme, l'Antisémitisme et la Haine anti-LGBT) (DILCRAH) | 42% of Muslims living in France report that they have experienced at least one form of discrimination related to their religion at least once in their lives, in different situations: discrimination 'during a police stop' (13%), 'when looking for a job'(17%), when looking for housing (14%). Discrimination is most prevalent among persons aged 30 to 40 and women (46%, compared with 38% of men). In addition, 60% of women often wearing veils were discriminated against at least once during their lifetime. However, 44% of women who never wear a headscarf have also been discriminated against. In particular, women are significantly more discriminated against in the search for employment, especially women who wear a veil. One in four Muslims (24%) was exposed to verbal abuse during their lifetime, compared to 9% among non-Muslims. In addition, 7% of Muslims were subjected to physical assaults (compared to 3% of the rest of the population). 37% of women wearing the headscarf have been exposed to insults or defamatory insults. Over the last five years, 40% of Muslims believe they have been subjected to racist behaviour (compared to 17% of non-Muslims). Of these, 16% was due to religion, and 15% to their skin colour. | survey conducted by telephone | survey of a sample of 1,007 persons representative of the Muslim population (a person who identifies themselves as Muslim) aged 15 and older | Not applicable - national level |

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http://fra.europa.eu/en/databases/anti-muslim-hatred/

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