DATABASE 2012-2024 ON ANTI-MUSLIM HATRED

Research findings

Country code	Year	Reference details title	Reference details URL	Main thematic focus	Institution	Key findings - Short summary	Methodology (Qualitative/Quantitative and exact type used, questionnaires etc)	Sample details and representativeness	Area/location of interest - NUTS3 level
Ireland	2022	IOM Ireland (2022) Voices of Syrians: resettled refugees in Ireland. IOM Ireland: Dublin.	https://assets.gov.ie/231237/5826c0d7-0bd7-410a-af18-e0c24702d7b6.pdf	Integration & inclusion	Ireland, IOM Ireland	Syrian refugees resettled in Ireland mostly feel safe in their neighbourhoods. There are a small number of cases of persistent racial harassment. Almost all participants have made a close friend since arriving in Ireland, over half in their local neighbourhood, while 37 per cent retain a close friend, they made in a reception centre. Almost all participants speak daily or weekly with family outside Ireland, and this is important to their wellbeing. Almost all participants say they consider Ireland to be their home now and express a strong sense of belonging.	A 60-90 minute interview was conducted in Arabic using a detailed questionnaire with both open and closed questions. A copy ot the questionnaire is contained in the appendix to the published report.	153 Syrian Resettlement Programme refugees who arrived in Ireland 2015-2019; snowball methodology because no contact details were kept by the State for refugees once they moved into their final accommodation	Not applicable - national level

DISCLAIMER The information presented here is collected under contract by the FRA's research network FRANET. The information and views contained do not necessarily reflect the views or the official position of the FRA.

http://fra.europa.eu/en/databases/anti-muslim-hatred/

Copyright © 2025 European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights