DATABASE 2012-2024 ON ANTI-MUSLIM HATRED

Research findings

Country code	Year	Reference details title	Reference details URL	Main thematic focus	Institution	Key findings - Short summary	Methodology (Qualitative/Quantitative and exact type used, questionnaires etc)	Sample details and representativeness	Area/location of interest - NUTS3 level
Romania	2021	National Council for Combating Discrimination, Study on perceptions and efficiency of anti-discrimination tools in the field of education education, 2021	https://www.cncd.ro/wp-content/uploads/2021/09/Studiu-privind-perceptiile-si-ef...	Discrimination	Romania, National Council for Combating Discrimination (Consiliul National pentru Combaterea Discriminării, CNCD) Study on perceptions and efficiency of anti - discrimination tools in the field of education education (Studiu privind percepțiile și efic	According to the interviewed teachers the most common form of discrimination they saw was against Roma (23%) or LGBTQI (12%) whilst the least common incidents observed concern the Muslim people (3%), those infected with HIV/AIDS (3%), those of German ethnicity (2%) or Jewish people(2%).	The study is based on interpretation of data from 3 previously made surveys. The surveys were made nationwide, over the phone, between May and June 2021. The survey for teachers also included in person interviews. The methodology and results of those surveys are available at http://www.ipp.ro/wp-content/uploads/2020/12/IPP_Sondaj_discriminare_2021.pdf	The survey included 611 interviews with parents, 689 teachers of primary and high school children and 131 interviews with school inspectors.	Not applicable - national level

DISCLAIMER The information presented here is collected under contract by the FRA's research network FRANET. The information and views contained do not necessarily reflect the views or the official position of the FRA.

http://fra.europa.eu/en/databases/anti-muslim-hatred/

Copyright © 2025 European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights