

Research findings

Country code	Year	Reference details title	Reference details URL	Main thematic focus	Institution	Key findings - Short summary	Methodology (Qualitative/Quantitative and exact type used, questionnaires etc)	Sample details and representativeness	Area/location of interest - NUTS3 level
Germany	2023	Germany, Zick, A., Küpper, B. and Mokros, N. (2023), Die distanzierte Mitte. Rechtsextreme und demokratiegefährdende Einstellungen in Deutschland 2022/2023 (The distanced centre. Right-wing extremist and anti-democratic attitudes in Germany 2022/2023).	https://www.fes.de/referat-demokratie-gesellschaft-und-innovation/gegen-rechtse...	Public perceptions and attitudes	Germany, Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung	The study examines right-wing and anti-democratic attitudes in Germany. In chapter 5, it discusses findings in respect to group-focused enmity, including anti-Muslim attitudes and hatred. It finds that 18% of respondents agree to a ban on immigration for Muslims.	Quantitative (computer-assisted telephone interviews using a standardised questionnaire). The so-called "Centre study" (Mitte-Studie) has been regularly conducted since 2006.	Randomized telephone sample. N = 2.027 interviews (response rate 10.4%). Sample is representative for general population due to statistical weighting methods.	Not applicable - national level

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<http://fra.europa.eu/en/databases/anti-muslim-hatred/>

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