

# Jewish people's experiences and perceptions of antisemitism

## EU SURVEY OF JEWISH PEOPLE

### Country data – Czechia



Almost 8,000 Jews aged 16 or over from 13 EU countries responded to the online survey from January to June 2023. In Czechia, 471 Jews completed the survey. The estimated Jewish population in the country is 5,200.

See the [press pack](#) for full findings and the survey methodology.

#### Daily life

- 27% of Jewish respondents in Czechia consider antisemitism is a big problem in their lives. The survey average is 84%.
- 43% think that antisemitism in Czechia has increased in the last five years. The survey average is 80%.
- 95% have encountered antisemitism in their daily life in the year before the survey. The survey average is 96%.

#### Antisemitism online

- 40% encountered online antisemitism all the time in the year before the survey. The survey average is 61%.
- 37% encounter online antisemitism on Facebook, 20% in online forums, 18% in online news, 3% on Instagram and 6% on X. Across the survey, most encountered antisemitism on Facebook (25%), then online media (20%), X (19%), Instagram (12%) and online forums (7%).
- Due to online antisemitism, 13% limited their participation in discussions online that would identify them as Jewish, 10% reduced their use of platforms and 8% said it negatively affected their mental health. Across the survey, 23% limited participation, 16% reduced usage and 15% had mental health issues.

### **Safety and security**

- 11% are very worried about harassment and 5% about being attacked (the lowest rates in the survey). They worry more about their family and friends. The survey average for worry about harassment is 53%, about attacks it is 44%.
- 54% avoid wearing Jewish symbols in public at least occasionally. The survey average is 76%. In Czechia, 20% never wear Jewish symbols because of safety concerns, compared to 48% across the survey.
- 12% avoid Jewish events and 17% certain places because they do not feel safe as a Jew (the lowest rates in the survey). The survey averages are 34% and 40%.
- 25% think that Arab-Israeli conflict has an impact on their feeling of safety. The survey average is 62%.
- 30% feel they are blamed at least occasionally for the Israeli government's actions because they are Jewish (the lowest rate in the survey). The survey average is 75%.

### **Harassment and violence**

- 21% experienced antisemitic harassment in the year before the survey (the lowest rate in the survey). The survey average is 37%.
- 2% were attacked in the five years before the survey because they are Jewish. The survey average is 5%. 2% faced violence in the year before the survey.

### **Discrimination**

- 6% felt discriminated against because of being Jewish in the year before the survey (the lowest rate in the survey). The survey average is 20%.
- 53% are open about being Jewish at work. The survey average is 57%.

### **Reporting**

- 35% reported the last episode of antisemitic harassment and 25% an incident of online antisemitism. The survey averages for reporting are for harassment 28%, for online antisemitism 26%, and for discrimination only 11%.

### **Satisfaction with governments**

- 18% in Czechia have considered emigrating in the past 5 years for reasons related to being Jewish. The survey average is 45%.
- 38% think that the government combats antisemitism effectively. The survey average is 18%.