RECORD OF PROCESSING ACTIVITY
ACCORDING TO ARTICLE 31 REGULATION 2018/1725
NOTIFICATION TO THE DATA PROTECTION OFFICER

NAME OF PROCESSING OPERATION²: ACCESS TO FRA SURVEY DATA THROUGH UK DATA SERVICE

Please provide here a meaningful name of the processing operation involving personal data (e.g. staff recruitment, business continuity contact list, etc.). You should use the same name for the Privacy Notice.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DPR-2019-070 (to be completed by the DPO)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Creation date of this record: 07/06/2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last update of this record:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Version: 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1) Controller(s)³ of data processing operation (Article 31.1(a))

Controller: European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights (FRA)
Organisational unit responsible⁴ for the processing activity: R&D
Contact person: Joanna Goodey
Data Protection Officer (DPO): dpo@fra.europa.eu

2) Who is actually conducting the processing? (Article 31.1(a))⁵

- The data is processed by the FRA itself [X]
- The data is processed also by a third party (contractor) [mention the third party] [X]

UK Data Service

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¹ https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32018R1725
² Personal data is any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person, i.e. someone who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity. This information may, for example, be the name, date of birth, a telephone number, biometric data, medical data, a picture, professional details, etc.
³ Processing means any operation or set of operations which is performed on personal data, whether or not by automatic means, such as collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction.
⁴ In case of more than one controller (e.g. joint FRA research), all controllers need to be listed here.
⁵ This is the unit that decides that the processing takes place and why.
⁶ Is the FRA itself conducting the processing? Or has a provider been contracted?
3) Purpose of the processing (Article 31.1(b))

Why are the personal data being processed? Please provide a very concise description of what you intend to achieve with the processing operation. Specify the rationale and underlying reason for the processing and describe the individual steps used for the processing. If you do this on a specific legal basis, mention it as well (e.g., staff regulations for selection procedures).

The provision of personal data is necessary in order to ensure access to the FRA surveys’ data through the data archive. Data are only released for academic research and teaching after the potential users submitted an application to the data depositor and its written authorization. For this purpose, the data archive obtains written application with specification of the user and the analysis intention. FRA receives the application through the UK Data Service and approves the application to the UK Data Service. The UK Data Service informs then the applicant by email, also specifying further conditions for access (the applicant needs to submit the analysis prior to publication to FRA for statistical disclosure control and comments).

Without a special licence, the FRA survey data are not accessible to a data user.

4) Description of the categories of data subjects (Article 31.1(c))

Whose personal data are being processed?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FRA staff</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-FRA staff – users of the FRA’s survey datasets</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5) Categories of personal data processed (Article 31.1(c))

Please tick all that apply and give details where appropriate. Include information if automated decision making takes place, evaluation and monitoring.

(a) General personal data:
The personal data contains:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Data</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal details (e.g. name, surname)</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact details (e.g. email address, mobile and fax number)</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education &amp; Training details</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment details (e.g. institution/organisations address)</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial details (e.g. financial identification form, bank account information)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family, lifestyle and social circumstances</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goods or services provided</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (please give details):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) **Sensitive personal data (Article 10)**

The personal data reveals:

- Racial or ethnic origin ☐
- Political opinions ☐
- Religious or philosophical beliefs ☐
- Trade union membership ☐
- Genetic, biometric or data concerning health ☐
- Information regarding an individual’s sex life or sexual orientation ☐

6) **Recipient(s) of the data (Article 31.1 (d))**

*Recipients are all parties who have access to the personal data. Who will have access to the data within FRA? Who will have access to the data outside FRA?*

- Designated **FRA** staff members (please specify which team and Unit) ☒
  - A restricted number of staff members, who are in charge of the FRA surveys, can access your personal data. These include the Research and Data Unit.
- Designated persons **outside** FRA: (please specify) ☐
  - e.g. For reimbursement of the travel costs, a restricted number of staff members from the Directorate-General for Budget (DG BUDG) at the European Commission have access to your data.

7) **Transfers to third countries or recipients outside the EEA (Article 31.1 (e))**

*If the personal data are transferred outside the European Economic Area, this needs to be specifically mentioned, since it increases the risks of the processing operation.*

Data are transferred to third country recipients:

- Yes ☐

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6 No need to mention entities that may have access in the course of a particular investigation (e.g. OLAF, EO, EDPS).

7 Processor in a third country using standard contractual clauses, a third-country public authority you cooperate with based on a treaty. If needed, consult your DPO for more information on how to ensure safeguards.
8) Retention time (Article 4(e))

How long will the data be retained and what is the justification for the retention period? Please indicate the starting point and differentiate between categories of persons or data where needed (e.g. in selection procedures candidates who made it onto the reserve list vs. those who didn’t). Are the data limited according to the adage “as long as necessary, as short as possible”?

The data will be kept until the end date of the research project as specified in the application (special licence).

9) Technical and organisational security measures (Article 31.1(g))

Please specify where/how the data are stored during and after the processing; please describe the security measures taken by FRA or by the contractor.

How is the data stored?
- FRA network shared drive
- Outlook Folder(s)
- CRM
- Hardcopy file
- Cloud (give details, e.g. cloud provider)
- Servers of external provider

10) Lawfulness of the processing (Article 5(a)–(d))\(^8\): Processing necessary for:

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\(^8\) Tick (at least) one and explain why the processing is necessary for it. Examples:

(a) a task attributed to your EUI by legislation, e.g. procedures under the staff regulations or tasks assigned by
**Mention the legal basis which justifies the processing**

(a) a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the FRA (including management and functioning of the institution)  
   Due to the sensitivity of the FRA’s survey data, the access to the dataset is granted on a basis of a special licence that defines the purposes of data usage. It is in FRA’s interest to have certain control over the use of the data.

(b) compliance with a legal obligation to which the FRA is subject  

(c) necessary for the performance of a contract with the data subject or to prepare such a contract  

(d) Data subject has given consent (ex ante, explicit, informed)  
   Application for the surveys’ dataset access is an informed consent for the personal data to be processed.

(e) necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subjects or of another natural person

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11) Data Minimisation (Article 4(c))

*Do you really need all data items you plan to collect? Are there any you could do without?*

*There is minimum personal data collected - name and contact details.*

12) Transparency (Article 14)

*How do you inform people about the processing operation?*

*A link to a privacy notice on the FRA website will be provided in the description of the dataset, before filling in a special licence.*

13) Exercising the rights of the data subject (Article 14 (2))

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an Agency’s founding regulation. Please mention the specific legal basis (e.g. “Staff Regulations Article X, as implemented by EUIR Article Y”, instead of just “Staff Regulations”)

(a2) not all processing operations required for the functioning of the EUIs are explicitly mandated by legislation; recital 17 explains that they are nonetheless covered here, e.g. internal staff directory, access control.

(b) a specific legal obligation to process personal data, e.g. obligation to publish declarations of interest in an EU agency’s founding regulation.

(c) this is rarely used by the EUIs.

(d) if persons have given free and informed consent, e.g. a photo booth on EU open day, optional publication of photos in internal directory.

(e) e.g. processing of health information by first responders after an accident when the person cannot consent.
How can people contact you if they want to know what you have about them, want to correct or delete the data, have it blocked or oppose to the processing? How will you react?

E.g., See privacy statement: e-mail to logistics@fra.europa.eu; we will reply as per standard deadlines and procedures in FRA’s data protection implementing rules.

### Data subject rights:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Right to have access</th>
<th>Anytime [end date of the research project as specified in the application]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Right to rectify</td>
<td>Anytime [end date of the research project as specified in the application]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right to erase (“right to be forgotten”)</td>
<td>Anytime [end date of the research project as specified in the application]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right to restrict of processing</td>
<td>Anytime [end date of the research project as specified in the application]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right to data portability</td>
<td>Anytime [end date of the research project as specified in the application]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right to object</td>
<td>Anytime [end date of the research project as specified in the application]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right to obtain notifications to 3rd parties</td>
<td>Anytime [end date of the research project as specified in the application]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right to have recourse</td>
<td>Anytime [end date of the research project as specified in the application]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right to withdraw consent at any time</td>
<td>Anytime [end date of the research project as specified in the application]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 14) Other linked documentation

Please provide links to other documentation of this process (consent form, privacy notice, project documentation, security related policies/ measures etc.)

Special Licence: Generic, UK Data Service
Privacy Notice

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Responsible</th>
<th>Signature</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jo Goodey</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Head of Unit Research &amp; Data</td>
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